|  | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
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|  | To begin a sketchbook. | To continue with my sketchbook, beginning to use it to experiment with my ideas. | To continue with my sketchbook, using it to experiment and investigate with my ideas. | To continue with my sketchbook, using it to experiment and investigate with my ideas. |
|  | To hold a pencil correctly and investigate how I can make different marks with pencils. <br> To colour in the lines when using pencil crayons and understand that if I press harder, I will get a darker colour. | To continue to develop pencil skills by sketching lightly when drawing. <br> To think about my observational drawing by making my sketches mare realistic. | To continue to develop my pencil skills by using line in different ways to show movement, depth or perspective. <br> To use a pencil to shade lighter and darker areas. <br> To use other tools for drawing, e.g. an ink pen. | To continue to develop my pencil skills by making sure my observational drawings are accurate with their size and proportion. <br> To shade using pencil or pencil crayons, identifying different tones of the same colour and thinking about where there are lighter areas or areas in shadow. |
|  | To hold a paintbrush correctly and investigate the marks different sized paintbrushes make. <br> To stay in the lines when using a paintbrush. <br> To understand how to wash a brush to change the colour of paint I am using. | To have more control over a paintbrush and use a paintbrush to make different marks (use to 'print' squares for a mosaic for example). <br> To begin to discuss primary and secondary colours and basic colour mixing. | To continue to develop control of a paintbrush and mix more complex colours. <br> To use different types of paint e.g. water colours or acrylics. | To continue to develop control of a paintbrush and mix more complex colours including shades of the same colour to show different tones. <br> To choose an appropriate type of paint for a specific effect. |
|  | To use plasticine to sculpt basic shapes. <br> To improve control of scissors. | To use plasticine to sculpt more intricate shapes with patterns where I have pinched the plasticine, rolled the plasticine, or used clay tools to make marks in the plasticine. <br> To be able to cut more intricate shapes. | To use clay and understand the differences between clay and plasticine. <br> To produce $a$ slab of clay then add texture by using clay tools to make marks in the clay, or mould smaller shapes to add to the slab. | To use clay and roll a coill (which is a consistent thickness) to create a pot. <br> To use clay tools to add texture, or mould smaller shapes to add to the pot. <br> To know how to join clay so that parts I have added don't fall off after it dries. |
|  | To begin to evaluate my own work and the work of artists, saying what I like and dislike. | To critically evaluate my own work and work of artists, saying what I like and dislike and saying what I might change and how I might change it. | To critically evaluate my own work and work of artists, saying what I like and dislike and saying what I might change, how I might change it and why I would change it. | To critically evaluate my own work, my friend's work and work of artists, saying what I like and dislike and saying what I might change, how I might change it and why I would change it. |
| Great artists, architects or designers in history. | Jackie Morris, Piet Mordrian, Georgia $0^{\prime}$ Keefe, Ancient Egyptians, Barbara Hepworth | Stone Age People, Jean-Michel Basquiat, Vincent Van Gogh, Jean Metzinger, The Romans, Anna Atkins, Henri Rowsseau | Middle Ages Illuminated Manuscripts, Seb Lester, Niels Shoe Meulman, Gustave Caillebotte, Frank Bowling, Juliuz Shulman, Mayan Stelae, Antony Gormley | Charles Darwin, Carl Brenders, Exanz Marc, Ancient Greeks, Clarice Clifs, Stephen Wiltshire, Claude Monet, Leonardo Da Vinci, Picasso |

